

Radiological Health

Phone: 515-281-3478 http://idph.iowa.gov/radiological-health



You can't see, smell, hear, or feel it. It can save lives, but also endanger lives. The use of radiation must be carefully monitored. The IDPH Bureau of Radiological Health protects lowans from unnecessary and potentially harmful exposure to radiation.

The machines that produce radiation (like x-ray or mammography machines) and the people who use them are tested and certified to ensure lowans are being treated by qualified professionals with safe equipment.

You've probably heard of radon – a naturally occurring gas that seeps into homes and can cause lung cancer. The Bureau of Radiological Health licenses experts who can stop radon from getting into a home. IDPH works each day to protect the health of lowans – even when the "enemy" is invisible!



In 1986, the state of Iowa entered into an agreement with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to protect the health and safety of Iowans by regulating radioactive material in Iowa.

Why is Radiological Health important to protecting and improving the health of Iowans?

- Exposure to radiation in large amounts can cause immediate and long-term health effects, including cancer and death.
- Iowans could be exposed to radiation at any time each day because of the common use of industrial and medical radioactive materials and machines.
- Radiation occurs naturally in the environment; however, anything beyond this natural exposure may be unnecessary and could be harmful.
- lowa has one of the highest rates of indoor radon levels in the country.
- High quality mammography machines and images are essential to finding breast cancer early.
- lowans of all ages are at risk for over-exposure to ultraviolet light from tanning beds.

Which Iowa Public Health Goals are we working to achieve?

Protect against environmental hazards

Strengthen the health infrastructure

Prepare for, respond to, & recover from emergencies

Promote healthy living

What do we do?

- Inspect, test, accredit, and certify mammography facilities, machines, radiologists, and technologists.
- Issue Permits to Practice for individuals who operate or use ionizing radiation producing machines or administer radioactive material for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes.
- Coordinate radiation emergency response by working with local, county, state, and federal agencies in case of an accident.
- License, register, and inspect facilities that use radioactive materials.
- Educate lowans about radon gas and credential radon measurement and mitigation specialists.
- Register tanning bed facilities and post health information about the risks of tanning.
- Register X-ray producing machines.
- Investigate allegations and complaints regarding radioactive material and radiation producing machines.

How do we measure our progress?

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) oversees the Iowa radioactive material (RAM) program and conducts an Integrated Material Performance Evaluation Program (IMPEP) review every four years. The Iowa RAM program successfully completed three consecutive IMPEP reviews, receiving the highest score of SATISFACTORY for all performance indicators.

Due to the outstanding score of the IMPEP reviews, the Iowa RAM program was the first agreement state program to receive two one-year extensions by the NRC for the next IMPEP review.

The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) oversees the Iowa mammography program and conducts an annual review. The Iowa mammography program consistently meets or exceeds the requirements set by the FDA.

The lowa program annually inspects 142 mammography facilities including 166 mammography units and 25 stereotactic facilities. To continue providing services to lowans, the facilities must correct all non-compliances that are found.



What can Iowans do to help?

- 1. All lowans can make themselves aware of the possibility of exposure to radiation, especially from medical procedures.
- 2. All lowans can report any misuse of radioactive materials or ionizing radiation producing machines by contacting the Bureau of Radiological Health at 515-281-3478 or angela.leek@idph.iowa.gov.
- 3. All lowans should learn about radon gas and how to test for it in their homes. For more information about radon, visit http://idph.iowa.gov/radon.



Expenditures

Federal funds, intra state receipts* (Dept of Public Defense), private grants*, & retained fees*: K19-1901/1915/1920; 0153-1922/1926.

	State Fiscal Year 2015 Actual	State Fiscal Year 2016 Actual	State Fiscal Year 2017 Estimate
State funds	\$66,126	\$122,971	\$122,667
Federal funds	\$166,438	\$169,192	\$171,576
Other funds*	\$1,305,964	\$1,577,166	\$2,341,990
Total funds	\$1,538,528	\$1,869,329	\$2,636,232
FTEs	10.66	11.24	12.09

Note: Funding information is intended to provide an overview of funding related to the program area. It does not include all federal and state requirements and/or restrictions for the use of funds. Contact the program area for more detailed budget information.

Iowa Department of Public Health Over Division of Acute Disease Prevention & Emergency Response and Environmental Health Readiological Health Phone: 515-281-3478 ♦ Fax: 515-281-4529 ♦ http://idph.iowa.gov/radiological-health 5th Floor, Lucas Building ♦ 321 E. 12th Street ♦ Des Moines, IA 50319-0075

Mammography - Phone: 515-281-0405 Permits to Practice - Phone: 515-281-0415

Radiation Emergency Response - Phone: 515-281-3478

Radioactive Materials - Phone: 515-281-0419

Tanning Facilities - Phone: 515-281-0415

Radon - Phone: 1-800-383-5992 or 515-281-4928

X-Ray Machines - Phone: 515-281-0415